How to Apply the Latest Developments in Fall Protection to your Site

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ASSE PDC
Baltimore MD 6 15 10

Latest Developments

- OSHA status
- Z359 Standards Development
- New Snaphook requirements
- Hazard Surveys
- Matrix Hazard Analysis
- OSHA Alliance: Skylights, Aerial Lifts, Parapets, Roof Hatches, Truck Loading, Fixed Ladder Swing Gates
- Case Histories
- Q&A

OSHA General Industry Fall Protection: 1910.23-27 rev.

- Revised Proposal published 5 24 10
- Update of 4 10 90 proposal
- Affects 112 million Americans
- Comment Period till 8 23 10
- Hearings in DC to follow

Z359 Fall Protection

The standard to go by:

Existing Stds: Fed OSHA ANSI GI ANSI Con. Best Practice

Construction 1926.500/3

A10.32-2004

General Ind. 1910.23 Z359-2007

1910.66

1926.760

A10.32 plans to adopt the Z359 product standards for construction

Z359-2007

- Equipment component standards* and
- Practice standards: Z359.2 Managed FP
- Currently: Z359.0; Z359.1; Z359.2;
 Z359.3*; Z359.4*; Z359.6; Z359.12*;
 Z359.13*

Z359.1 to become Z359.0 & Z359.2 – Z359.18; Z359.1 is to be retired in two years

Currently Z359-2007 (2009)

- Z359.0- Definitions
- Z359.2 Managed FP Program
- Z359.3 Positioning and Travel Restraint
- Z359.4 Assisted-Rescue and Self-Rescue
- Z359.6 Specs & Design Req. Active FPS
- Z359.12 Connecting Components
- Z359.13 Lanyards and Energy Absorbers

18 Z359 standards on FP coming

Z359 Fall Protection Management New Positions:

- Competent Person: Safety/Foreman/Supt
- Qualified Person: Mech or Structural Engr
- Authorized Person: Trained worker

- Competent Rescuer: In-house Rescue Ldr
- Authorized Rescuer: Trained Rescuer

Program Adminstrator: Leads/Audits/FP

Snaphook gate strength: What's New OSHA/Z359?

GATE

3600 lbs gate Z359.1-2007 OSHA: 10 13 09 5(a)(1) Interpretation: will apply Z359-2007 standard

Summary: No more pre-2007 snaphooks (220 lbs gate) allowed, must meet Z359.1-2007 Sec. 3.2.1.4

What's Important in rev. Z359.1-2007?

1. Snaphook gate strength

2. Y-lanyards 5000 lbs

3. Z359.2 is minimum requirements for a Comprehensive Managed Fall Protection Program and has the elements of:

- Fall protection planning
- Hazard surveys
- Minimum training req.
- Hierarchy of controls



Relentless Search for Hazards

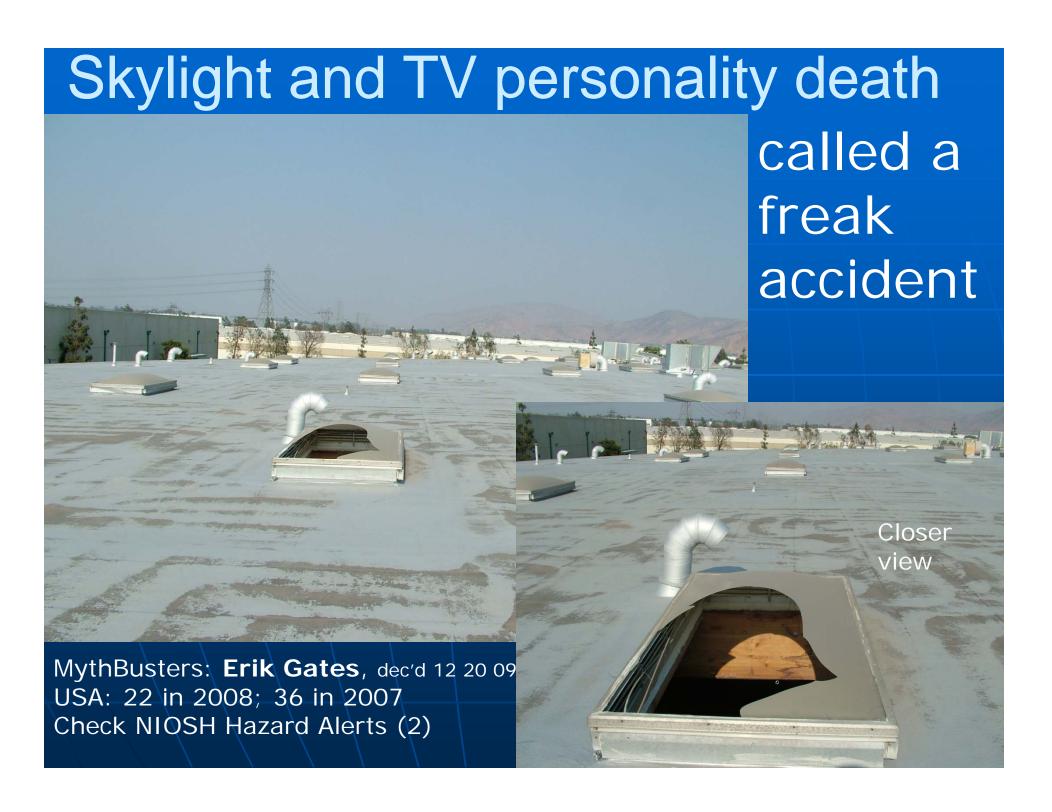
- Apply Fall Prot'n Hierarchy of Controls*:
 - Elimination (Structural, Pre-plan, Sequence)
 - Guarding (Railings, PFAS, Restraint)
 - Safety Factor
 - Redundancy
- Use multiple solutions to <u>avoid missing</u> or excusing hazards eg electrical <u>and</u> falls
 - *Hierarchy now includes collapse

Training of Authorized Persons

- Teach to spot hazards in the work: huddle
- Be Aware of workplace methods even OSHA OK
- Test for proficiency
- Pre-Plan: All proper equipment in place

Contractors fall under Contract Safety (owners name your Trigger Height) and Premises Law but you must still inspect lower tier

| Matrix: A Tool to recognize ALL Worksite Hazards | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Recognized / | | | Guard | | Safety Factor | | Redundancy | | Relia bility |
| Hazard / Solutions | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | Admin |
| Envirom'l | | | | | | | | | \setminus |
| Structural/ Mechanical | | | | | | | | | |
| Electrical | | | | | | | | | |
| Chemical | | | | | | | | | |
| RadiantEnergy | | | | | | | | | |
| Biological | | | | | | | | | |
| Artificial Intelligence | | | | | | | | | |
| David MacColl | um: Co | nstruct | ion S | Safet | y Engi | neerii | ng Prin | ciples, | 2007 |



1. Use Tool to recognize Skylight Fall Hazards

| 1. 030 | Tool to recognize arrying in run riuzurus | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Recognized Hazard / | Eliminate | | Guard | | Safety Factor | | Redundancy | | Reliab ility |
| Solutions | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | Admin |
| Gravity | Fall | Remove sky light option | Fall | Screen or curb at 42" | Stand on and Fall Through | Strongr skylight | Fall | Guardrail & cover | Planning & surveys |
| Structural/ Mechanical * | Collapse | Cover | Collapse | Burglar bars | collapse | Test for 97% male wt | Fall Through | Screen & bars | Inspect: Strength report |
| Radiant Energy | UV Degrad'n | Screen for 20 yrs life | Crazing and cracking | screen | leaks | Test for 20 yrs | Exposure to replace | Use change- out tool | Test Miami Dade 5 yrs |
| *Attractive nuisance | Sit on edge & lean 20's | Screen | Bounce* by teens | Guard rail | stand | screen | Two falls | both | Add warnings |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| David M | /acCollu | ım. Cor | nstructio | n Saf | ety End | nineeri | na Prir | nciples | 2007 |

David MacCollum: Construction Safety Engineering Principles,

Skylight Hazard Solutions

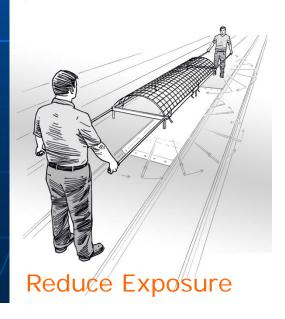




Light transmitting panels

Proposed 267 lbs drop of wedge shape sandbag through 36" (ASTM E06.51.25 science)

Dome skylights



Aerial Lift Dangers



Engineering Reports: NIOSH, Chris Pan, Fall Arrest tests using railings and anchors

A92 Aerial Work Best Practices 2 10 SIA, Kansas City MO

Aerial Lifts: Matrix Hazard Analysis

- Fall hazards focus
- Consider failures by category
- List in each square the hazard/solution
- Add as many boxes to address hazards

2. Use Tool to recognize Aerial Lift Fall Hazards

| Recognized Hazard / | Eliminate | | Guard | | Safety Factor | | Redundancy | | Reliab ility |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| Solutions | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | List Hazard | Safety Sol'n | Admin PrePlan |
| Gravity | Fall out while reaching | Restrain | Fall while step up on midrail | Screen up to 42" | Fall while transfer | Wishbone connect, follow procedure | Fall hazard and rescue | Guardrail & PFAS, training | Train to stay if rocking |
| Structural/ Mechanical | Collapse due to bearing failure | Regular maintain check the certs | Ejection: Auto impact at base | PFAS and self- rescue | Collapse boom or tip over | Check outrigrs fully out & PFAS | Bucket inverts | Restraint and PFAS & rescue method | Inspect Strength report |
| | Lean on controls near ceiling | Lock-out & design of controls | Duck under rail: head injury | Use swing gate access | Lift does not respond to controls | Bleed hydraulics and/or descent device | Anchor Pt too low in bucket | Anchor Pt on bucket at 5 ft and or boom | Train: instrns for proper use |
| | Walk mast | Prevent access | Tip over | Outrigg ers | Stalls w/ load & angle | Higher capacity lift | Tip over | Guard and PFAS | Add alarm & warnings |
| Biological | Attack by bees | Remote distance tools | Attack by bees | PFAS Control Descent | Descent not fast enough | Increase descent speed | Attack by bees | Add suit and headgear | |
| Electrical | Touch power line | Keep 10' distance per OSHA & alarm | Touch while on ground | Training stay away or jump | Conduct'n | Use insulatd remote tools | Other hazards | Increase insulated equip't tools | |

David MacCollum: Construction Safety Engineering Principles, 2007

BLS.gov 2010

- Falls 827 (2006) (700 in 2008)
- Fall, unspecified 19, 12
- Fall to lower level 738, 593
- Fall to lower level, unspecified 12, 10
- Fall down stairs or steps 21, 26
- Fall from floor, dock, or ground level
 52, 43

BLS

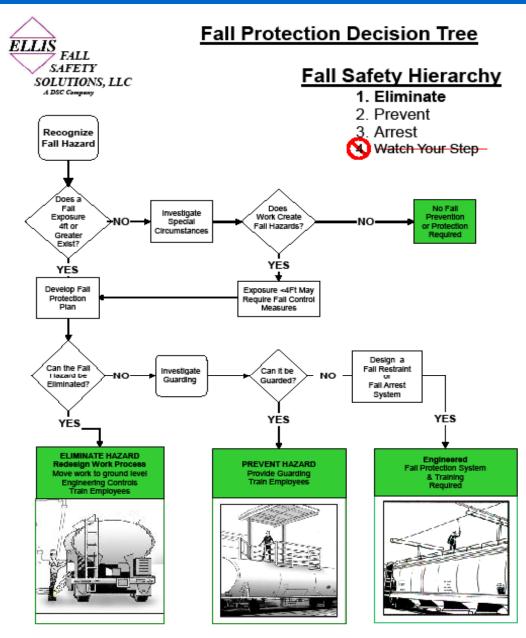
- Fall through existing floor open'g 27,19
- Fall through floor surface 7, 3
- Fall from loading dock 3, 4
- Fall ground level to lower level 8, 12
- Fall from floor, dock, or ground level, n.e.c. 7, 4
- Fall from ladder 132 (18%), 119
- Fall from piled or stacked material 3
- Fall from roof 185 (25%), 123

BLS

- Fall from roof, unspecified 30, 18
- Fall through existing roof opening 13, 8
- Fall through roof surface 15, 19
- Fall through skylight 37 (5%), 22
- Fall from roof edge 83, 50
- Fall from roof, n.e.c. 7, 6
- Fall from scaffold, staging 91 (12%),68
- Fall from building girders or other structural steel 33 (4%), 38

BLS

- Fall from non-moving vehicle 77 (10%), 89
- Fall to lower level, n.e.c. 132, 76
- Fall on same level 67, 92
- Fall on same level, unspecified 3, 3
- Jump to lower level n/a, 3
- Fall to floor/walkway, other surface 52,73
- Fall onto or against objects 11, 14

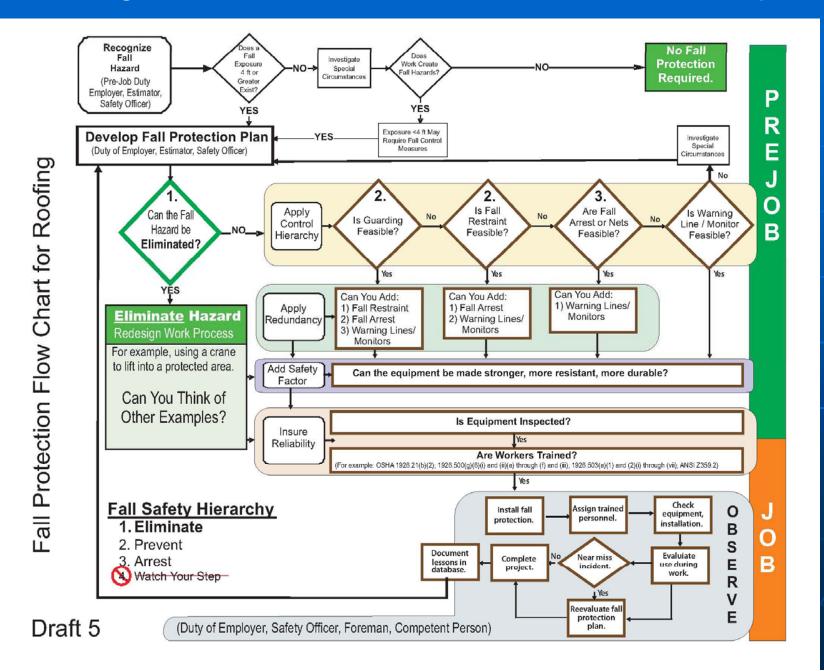


Contact us: www.FallSafety.com or Phone 800-372-7775

Show top mgmt the choices and place \$ cost and Hazard Range next to each method

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Show your FP Committee how to develop FP Plan



Parapets

■ OSHA Roundtable — Summary alliance Check <u>www.cdc.gov/niosh</u>







"It is time for 42" Roof Edge Parapets to be included in the IBC Building Code" (JNE)

Roof Hatches

OSHA Roundtable - Summary aliance



CONSTRUCTION WORKPLACE DESIGN SOLUTION Roof Hatch Access and Hole Protection HAZARD: FALLS

www.cdc.gov/niosh



Danger! Access and Climb



Access with greater security

Case History 1

Screen all skylights now!



105 lbs female roofer journeyman in Minneapolis pulling a load, tripped and fell back through this skylight in 2006 collided with ductwork, landed on her feet, survived after 105 screws placed in her right foot and ankle, and four back fractures. No job yet after nearly five years.

Acceptance of New or Renovated Facility

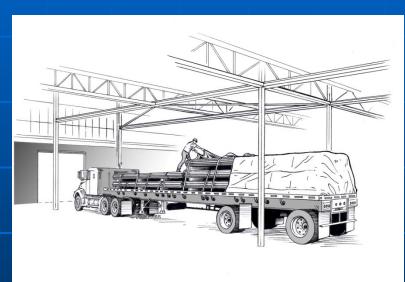
- Never accept exposed Skylight(s)
- Never accept exposed edges
- Never accept unprotected roof hatches
- Never accept any recognized hazards
- Always have contractor correct defects

Learn about the magic words: "Designer's Intent"

Provide fall prot'n tarping stations now!

Case History 2

Falling off truck while tarping IL



No Protection from Falling off pipe load

Independent truck driver visited 3x each week – got foot caught in top of octagonal pipe bundle – fell on head



FP Engineering

- Structural engineering is required to determine the capacity of roofs and beams for adding fall protection
- New structures: Fall hazards for the life of the structure are generated on the drawing board (50% fatalities est)
- Design Team needs bold safety member
- Fall Protection needs as-built drawings
- Responsibilty for maintenance assigned

Swing Gate on all ladder platforms now

Case History 3

- Falling out of opening on equipment RI
- Changing filter 35 lbs 5'x6'
- Fell through ladder access opening

MSHA standards



Catwalk Ladder Opening(s)

Catwalk: Add swing gate guard





Recognize hazard of work near access opening Install or specify safety gate

Inspection, Maintenance & Training in Fall Protection

- Survey what are the traditional methods
 - Outside eyes help you find what is missed
 - Fixed ladder devices need to pass 8 UK tests
- What are the more protective methods?
 - Are OSHA residential rules out of date?
- What is site-specific fall protection?
 - · What is different at this site? Snaphook gate
- What permanent FP requires insp'n/maint
 - eg loading rack spring settings, cable tension

Summary

- When to apply Fall Protection? use 5(a)(1/2)
 - Comment on OSHA FP proposals by 8 23 10
- How to apply new tools: follow Z359 new stds
- Fall Program Administrator: people, time/resources \$ to implement: new!
- PrePlan for design and operations: push!
- Switch to Z359-2007 compliant equipment without delay esp. snaphooks
- Use grid system to find hazards it's great!
- Look at BLS statistics for your industry

Q & A

Contact: efss@FallSafety.com

Check www.FallSafety.com for this presentation in the next two weeks